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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/590,496	06/09/2000	Stephen M. Lipka	NAO-0001	2489	
7	590 06/13/2003				
CANTOR COLBURN LLP			EXAMINER		
55 Griffin Road Bloomfield, Cl			HA, NGUYEN T		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2831		
			DATE MAILED: 06/13/2003		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

•		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		09/590,496	LIPKA ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Nguyen T Ha	2831			
The MAILING I	DATE of this communication app	pears on the cover sheet with the co	orrespondence address			
THE MAILING DATE - Extensions of time may be after SIX (6) MONTHS fro - If the period for reply spec - If NO period for reply is sp - Failure to reply within the specified by the specified	E OF THIS COMMUNICATION. e available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. In the mailing date of this communication. cified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reprecified above, the maximum statutory period set or extended period for reply will, by statut	LY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(mely filed rs will be considered timely. I the mailing date of this communication. CD (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
1) Responsive t	to communication(s) filed on <u>09</u>	April 2003 and 14 April 2003 .				
2a) ☐ This action is	FINAL. 2b) T	his action is non-final.				
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-24</u>	is/are pending in the application	on.				
4a) Of the above	ve claim(s) is/are withdra	awn from consideration.				
5)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u>	is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>21-24</u>	<u>4</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claims	_ are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.				
Application Papers						
	ion is objected to by the Examir	ner.				
<u> </u>) filed on is/are objected					
11)☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a)☐ approved b)☐ disapproved.						
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C	C. δ 119		r			
_	_	ın priority under 35 U.S.C. δ 119(a)-(d) or (f)			
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3.☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
appl	lication from the International Bo		_			
14) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e).						
Attachment(s)						
	Cited (PTO-892) 's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	19) Notice of Informal	ry (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

1. The applicant's arguments filed on 4/9/2003 are persuasive in overcoming the rejection of record. Therefore, the previous office action is hereby withdrawn. However, in view of the new prior art the examiner decides to make another rejection applied for claims 21-24.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

3. Claims 21&22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sasaki et al (5,279,910) in view of Takami et al (5,244,757).

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Regarding claim 21, Sasaki et al disclose a battery (figure 1) comprising a positive electrode (1) comprises a current collector (2) and manganese dioxide (column 5 lines 52-53), a negative electrode (4), an electrolyte (column 6 lines 30-34), and a separator (3).

Sasaki et al lack the negative electrode comprising carbonaceous material.

However, Takami et al teach a negative electrode comprising carbonaceous active material (column 17 lines 28-29).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the Sasaki battery as taught by Takami to have the negative electrode comprises a carbonaceous material in order to increase the power density and the capacitance for the battery.

Regarding claim 22, the teaching of Takami et al includes the carbonaceous active material is nanofibrous/carbonaceous fibers (column 6 lines 47-56).

4. Claims 23&24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sasaki et al (5,279,910) in view of Takami et al (5,244,757) as applied in claim 21 above, and further in view of Xiao et al (6,162,530).

Regarding claims 23&24, the teaching of Sasaki and Takami include all the limitations discussed above with respect to claim 21, except for the manganese dioxide is nanostructured.

However, Xiao et al disclose the manganese dioxide is nanostructured being used as positive electrode.

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It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the

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invention was made to modify the Sasaki and Takami battery to used the manganese

dioxide as a nanostructured taught by Xiao in order to provide the high-energy storage

battery electrode.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Nguyen T Ha whose telephone number is 703-308-

6023. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 8:30Am to 6:00

Pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Dean Reichard can be reached on 703-308-3682. The fax phone numbers

for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-305-3432

for regular communications and 703-305-3431 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or

proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-

0956.

NH

June 4, 2003

DEAN A. REICHARD

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2800